TO MEET ON EQUAL FOOTING.

Coming Conference of Allies and German Representatives.

TAXI MURDER MYSTERY CLUES.

Yugo-Slavia Goes Bolshevik; Hundreds Killed in Belgrade.

Germany is informed by the Allies, in a declaration issued at San Remo, that a confirmation of the numerous infractions of the Peace Treaty will not be tolerated, and that the Allies will take all measures even to the extent, if necessary, of the occupation of further German territory, which will have the effect of ensuring the execution of the Treaty.

The Note adds that the heads of the German Government will be invited to confer directly with the heads of the Allied Governments, and, according to a statement made by Mr. Lloyd George, the Allies will at that conference treat the German representatives as equals.

To-day's reports of the Andover taxi murder mystery, state that the stolen car, which was found abandoned at Swanee, was taken to a garage at Chrencester by two soldiers for repairs on Sunday morning. One of the soldiers is said to answer the description of the unknown man who is reported to have engaged Spicer, the murdered chauffeur, to drive them to Andover. It is stated that this man had a ginger moustache.

The following description of the "wanted" men has been circulated: (1) Man dressed in khaki. Age about 21; 5ft. 6in. in height; clean-shaven, full-faced, wearing glasses; (2) Also dressed in khaki. Age 25. About 5ft. 8in. or 5ft. 9in. in height; medium build, sallow, gingery, rather straggly moustache.

A Bolshevik revolution is reported to have broken out in Yugo-Slavia. In Belgrade hundreds of persons are stated to have been killed.

Mr. Churchill stated in the House of Commons this afternoon that the total number of British troops on the Rhine was approximately 14,000, with 95,000 French, 16,000 American and about 10,000 Belgian soldiers.

The price of milk in Sheffield is to be reduced to ninepence a quart next week. In the South the price will be eightpence per quart.

NOTE TO GERMANY.

Infractions of the Treaty Will Not be Tolerated.

NEW CONFERENCE.

Allies to Treat German Delegates as Equals.

San Remo, Monday (received to-day).—The text of the Allied declaration in reply to the German Note was issued this afternoon. It is as follows:

The Allied Powers have examined the letter of Herr Geeppert of 20th April, which presents a request from the German Minister of War to the effect that the German Government desires to maintain a German army of 200,000 men instead of 100,000, as provided for in the Treaty of Versailles and declaring that this is necessary for the maintenance of order. The Allies wish to state at once that a proposal of this character was even be examined so long as Germany fails to fulfil the essential obligations of the Treaty, in the most important obligations of the Treaty, and does not proceed with disarmament, upon which depends the peace of the world.

Germany is not living up to her engagements, either in the destruction of material of war or in the reduction of her effectives, or in the suppression of coal, or in regard to reparations, or the cost of the Army of Occupation. She has given neither satisfaction nor explanation for assaults for which, on several occasions, members of the Allied Missions have been subjected. She has taken no steps, as was provided for under the protocol of the Treaty, towards accepting the liabilities under the head of reparation or towards making proposals fixing the total amount she should thus pay. Urgent as is a settlement of this nature in the interest of all concerned, she does not appear even to be considering how she is to meet her obligations as and when they mature.

The Allies do not ignore the difficulties with which the German Government is faced, and do not intend to insist upon a too literal interpretation of the Treaty, but they are unanimous in declaring that they cannot tolerate a continuance of these infractions of the Treaty of Versailles, that the Treaty must be executed and remain as a basis of relations between Germany and the Allies, and that they are determined to take all measures even to the extent, if necessary, of the occupation of further German territory, which will have the effect of ensuring the execution of the Treaty.

They declare on the other hand, that it is not their intention to annex any portion of German territory.

At the same time the Allies consider that the questions raised by the infractions of the Treaty of Peace and by the measures necessary to ensure its execution, will be more easily solved by an exchange of views between the heads of the Governments than by an exchange of notes. They have, therefore, decided to invite the heads of the German Government to confer directly with the heads of the Allied Governments when they ask that when they meet, the German Government will present them with a general explanation and proposals on all the matters mentioned above.

It is a satisfactory settlement is arrived at on these points, the Allied Governments will be willing to discuss with the German representatives any question which affects the internal order and economic well-being of Germany. They must understand that the unity of the Allies for the execution of the Treaty is as solid as it was for the war, and that the method of taking her place again in the world is loyally to execute the engagements to which she has subscribed.—Reuter.

Paris, Tuesday.—The Paris newspapers record with satisfaction the agreement arrived at at San Remo between the Allies. The "Matin" says that the statement published is a document of the highest significance and is certainly the most important drawn up in common by the Allies since the Armistice. The "Journal" declares that M. Millerand has certainly attained success. The "Echo" considers that "Our English friends appreciate above all, frankness, sincerity, firmness and moderation. We will be the first to honour of M. Millerand that he has convinced England that these qualities are accepted by France."—Central News.

Paris, Tuesday.—The special correspondent of the "Matin" at San Remo reports that at the request of the Yugo-Slav Premier, the decision of the Supreme Council regarding Fiume and Dalmatia has been postponed. The Yugo-Slavs prefer to discuss the matter direct with Signor Nitti.—Exchange.

San Remo, Monday (received to-day).—It is semi-officially announced that the Supreme Council has assigned to Italy a large economic zone in Asiatic Armenia and the Greek zone in Asia Minor. The territory is rich in natural resources. Italy is also receiving three-fourths of France's sphere of influence.—Exchange.

San Remo, Monday (received to-day).—The following communique was issued this evening:—The Supreme Council met at 5 o'clock this afternoon. The final clauses which are to be inserted in the Peace Treaty with Turkey were discussed and approved.

A draft Note to President Wilson regarding Armenia, which had been prepared by the British delegation, was also discussed and adopted.

The Council then discussed the question of the application of the Treaty of Neuilly, and it was decided to send a note to the German Chancellor to invite German representatives to meet representatives of the Supreme Council at Spa on May 25th in order that the Allies might receive the fullest information regarding the situation in Germany, with special regard to the enforcement of the Treaty.

The Council decided in co-operation with the military, naval and air commanders of the Allied reply to Germany regarding German troops in the neutral zone in excess of the number allowed, and then the progressive reduction according to the clauses of the protocol of August 8th, 1919.

After discussing the Treaty, the question of the destruction of German naval material, and the trial of German war criminals, the Conference was formally closed.—Reuter.

The Central News San Remo correspondent says Mr. Lloyd George received the Italian journalists last evening, and in the course of his conversation stated that at the coming meeting at Spa the Allies would treat the German representatives as equals.

An Italian diplomat informs me that important news will shortly be available for publication which will mark a great European political triumph for Signor Nitti.

San Remo, Tuesday.—M. Millerand, with his colleagues, left as soon to-day by special train from San Remo. Fifteen minutes later Mr. Lloyd George and the British delegation left by another special train. Signor Nitti, Signor Scialoja, M. Venizelos, M. Hymans and the other delegates gave them a hearty send-off, and Miss Megan Lloyd George was presented with handsome bouquets at the station. Signor Nitti is leaving later on board a destroyer for Civita Vecchia.—Central News.

BALKAN BOLSHEVIKS.

Revolution Breaks Out in Yugo-Slavia.

HUNDREDS KILLED.

Rome, Monday (received to-day).—A telegram from Trieste to the "Messagero" states that a Bolshevik revolution has broken out in Yugo-Slavia.

At Lubiania there were 18 persons killed, at Agram 30, and in Belgrade there were hundreds.

Machine-guns were largely employed at Belgrade.—Central News.

ARABS AMBUSH FRENCH

Force, which Relieved British Suffers Casualties.

Paris, Monday (received to-day).—In consequence of events which are not yet fully known, the garrison of Urfa, a French post between the Tigris and the Euphrates, has been forced to evacuate the town. During the retreat the French force suffered considerable losses.

In November, 1919, French troops relieved British troops at Urfa. The Governor of the town has made it known that an important part of the French column returned to Urfa. Reinforcements have been dispatched. The French would appear to have been ambushed.—Exchange.

PRINCE CHEERED.

Waving of Flags in New Zealand Tour.

Hamilton, New Zealand, Tuesday.—The Prince of Wales left Auckland to-day for Rotorua. En route visits were paid to Pukekohe, the centre of the Prime Minister, and Hamilton, where His Royal Highness received and replied to addresses of welcome. Considerable enthusiasm was displayed by the population of the villages through which the Royal train passed. The people assembled in full strength and waved flags and cheered as the train went by.—Reuter.

Hamilton, New Zealand, Tuesday.—The Prince of Wales had an extremely enthusiastic send-off when he left Auckland to-day by special train for Rotorua. The streets leading to the station were blocked with crowds, long before the hour of departure. The arrival of His Royal Highness was the signal for an outburst of cheering, which was maintained until the train steamed from the station.

Five bodies of territorial cadets formed a guard of honour on the platform. The inhabitants of every village on the route turned out and waved flags and cheered as the train passed.

In the course of the day the Prince visited the city of Pukekohi, which has long been represented in Parliament by Mr. Massey, Prime Minister, who accompanied His Royal Highness during the visit to the country. Massey introduces three crops of potatoes a year.

Another city visited was Hamilton, which is also a prosperous agricultural centre. Here representatives of the Cambridge township in frontiersmen's association presented addresses to the Royal visitor. In both cities the Prince received into the economic and social conditions of the country under the Soviet regime, left Kiruna on Saturday by train via Newcastle to Stockholm. Passports have been received by the Supreme Council at San Remo to the Russian Soviet Frontier, and the Council has promised facilities in Russia by the Soviet Government.

The deputation is mainly selected, consists of Miss Margaret Bondfield, M. P., Mr. Skinner, and Mr. A. Peacock (Trade Union Congress), Mr. Ben Turner, Mrs. Philip Snowden, and Mr. Robert Williams (Labour Party), and Mr. Kingsley Martin and Mr. H. G. Wallace (Independent Labour Party). All these delegates, however, did not start travelling from London to-day. Miss Margaret Bondfield was at Kings Cross to see the party off, but will be unable to leave for Russia herself until later in the week owing to the illness of Miss Mary Macarthur. She hopes to join the party at Stockholm.

Mr. Tom Shaw, M.P., who is at present in Poland, will probably join the delegation at Reval. The delegates are accompanied by Mr. Hodon Guest and Mr. C. Roden Buxton as secretaries and interpreters.

Mr. Snowden, in conversation with a Press Association representative, said they expected to be away for six weeks. Several of the party desired to return in time for the Labour Party's Conference at Scarborough in June.

The deputation will inquire into Soviet methods, the condition of the country and of the industries, and to what extent Russia is now in a position to export goods.

Mr. Robert Williams said they were not going out to do any whitewashing or to create strife. All they wanted was a little more truth.

NO STRONGER BEER.

Government Not Prepared to Sanction Further Increase in Gravity.

(BY OUR PRIVATE WIRE.)

Sir Mitchell Thomson states in to-day's Parliamentary Debates that the Government are not prepared at the present time to sanction a further increase in the average gravity of beer brewed in Great Britain.

RETURNING TO CANADA.

Duke and Duchess of Devonshire to Sail on May 1st.

(BY OUR PRIVATE WIRE.)

The Central News says to-day that the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire are returning to Canada by the Empress of France on May 1st. They will be accompanied by Lady Maud Mackintosh, Lady Ann Cavendish and Lady Blanche Beresford.

Fines amounting to £122 were imposed upon Japanese seamen at Newport (Mon.) for bringing into the country contraband low-class spirits from Antwerp.

A BANDIT GANG?

Taxi Murder Mystery Provides Astounding Theory.

HUNT FOR "GINGER."

On the Trail of Suspects in Salisbury Plain Tragedy.

In the murder of Sidney George Spicer, at Andover, the same person who led a desperate gang of highway robbers and taxi thieves in an outrage in the South-west Counties recently?

The facts and descriptions certainly point in that direction (telegraphs a Press Association correspondent of the "Yorkshire Telegraph and Star" to-day). The motive for each outrage was robbery. In each case the driver was attacked and the car stolen. In the previous case the driver was laid on the roadside unconscious, whereas Spicer's life was taken. A member of the gang is also accused in the first outrage of the almost similar murder of Sergeant Bull, and the description of the "mystery man" in the first case was, "slight to medium build, 5ft. 5in. to 5ft. 7in. in height" — almost identical to the description given of the Andover murderer. These facts are significant, and point to a ginger man who is wanted in connection with both outrages.

The route taken after the outrages by both gangs was the same, and both the stolen taxis were recovered in country lanes.

Each outrage resembles the exploits of the notorious Paris bandits, and the number of arrests made off in the car by the less frequented roads. The fact that two men were seen driving in the car through Swanage on the morning after the murder, after riding the dead man's pockets, and the theory that they succeeded in making good their escape from the scene of the tragedy under cover of darkness, and only abandoned the car when forced to do so—probably by a mechanical defect which would necessitate a visit to a garage for overhaul, where the car would have been readily identified.

Description of the "Wanted."

The police are now concentrating on the discovery of the two men who were riding in the car, although it is unlikely that they are still in the neighbourhood of Swanage, for they would be in possession of the property which was taken from the pockets of the murdered driver.

The following description of the "wanted" men is published:—

(1) Man dressed in khaki. Age about 21; 5ft. 6in. in height; clean-shaven, full-faced, wearing glasses.

(2) Also dressed in khaki. Age 25. About 5ft 8in. or 5ft 9in in height; medium build, sallow ginger; rather straggly moustache.

These men were noticed by the Cirencester (Gloucestershire) police while they were getting the car repaired at a local garage. They were seen about 10 o'clock yesterday morning. They arrived about 8 o'clock, and left after 2 hours, and told the repairers that they were going on to Gloucester.

It seems fairly certain from investigations (states the "Daily Chronicle" to-day) that the story of the fatal ride was as follows:—

Having left Salisbury, Spicer went up to Bulford with his passengers, two men civilians with two ladies and a soldier. At Amesbury Bridge he had engine trouble, and at this point he was apparently joined by the third man, and added. If he would take a fare to Andover to catch the Swansea Wales train, which stops at Swindon.

Spicer drove his passengers on to Bulford, and then back to Amesbury, where he picked up his new fare and went on to Andover with them. Some doubt appears to exist as to whether the three men were together on the way to Andover or came on the return journey, but the general feeling is that the man joined the train, and that on the way back the driver was shot and killed.

At Cirencester a police-sergeant has reported that the two soldier motorists and a driver stopped with the car, and the belief is that one of them was a sergeant-major, wearing a British warm, though this has not yet been definitely ascertained.

Murdered Man's Money.

Spicer filled up with a tin of petrol at Salisbury before he left there, and he took in another two tins at the end of the journey at Bulford.

Mr. E. F. Rodgers, who was Spicer's employer at Salisbury, described him as "a steady and reliable fellow," accustomed to taking long-distance runs. He therefore did not take much notice of the absence, as he supposed he was attending to a fare. Only recently he had returned from a journey to Reading.

When Spicer left Salisbury he had a week's wages with him, as well as some other fares he had received.

His driver's license had been taken from him, but everything else in the pockets of the dead man, the police say, was found. The inquest on the murder has been the one topic of conversation in Andover all the day.

The London "Star" special correspondent at Andover says to-day that an important new clue is that two men were seen in the murdered man's car at 10 on Sunday morning at Cirencester. The car was outside a garage for two hours awaiting repairs.

A general parade of soldiers in all camps on Salisbury Plain to-day was ordered, but apparently no result followed.

The "Evening News" Salisbury correspondent to-day says the Cirencester police have ascertained the stolen taxi was brought to Bridge's garage three early on Sunday morning by two soldiers, one answering the description of the unknown man who engaged Spicer to drive him to Andover. The proprietor of Bridge's garage gives almost an identical identification of the wanted man, but he says that he had a fresh complexion. He also noticed the man was wearing a soft military cap, but saw no crown on his sleeve.

JUDGES ON STRIKE.

Germans Protest Against Inter-Allied Commission.

Reuter's Agency learns to-day, according to a Warsaw message, that the German judges in several towns in Upper Silesia have gone on strike. They struck as a protest against the Inter-Allied Commission's action in dismissing from the plebiscite territories the Prussian Public Prosecutor, Herr Filler, who refused to institute proceedings against the murderers of a Polish municipal councillor.—Reuter.

KILLED ON THE LINE.

Early to-day, at Wormwood Scrubbs, a fireman named W. H. Wood, on a G.W.R. train returning to Cardiff, left his engine to get on to the line, and was killed instantly by the Paddington express to Bristol.—Reuter.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER FORECAST.

The weather forecast for Sheffield and district for the next twenty-four hours commencing at 10 a.m. to-day, is as follows:—

Wind west, moderate to north-west or north; fresh or strong; dull; showery, with fair intervals later; visibility mainly good; becoming colder.

PREMIER AND THE BLIND.

The blind deputation now in London will not be received by Mr. Bonar Law. It is arranged, the men deciding to await the return of Mr. Lloyd George, who, before leaving for San Remo, expressed his willingness to see them. The meeting will probably take place on Thursday.

NEW GERMAN LOAN.

Berlin, Monday (received to-day).—The Finance Minister, Herr Wirth, speaking in the National Assembly to-day on the Budget for 1920, said the danger of a financial collapse had come apparently nearer. Big sacrifices must be made by the propertied classes, and a general restriction of the present mode of living was essential. A big internal loan must be floated as soon as possible.—Reuter.

AMUNDSEN RETURNING HOME.

Washington, Monday (received to-day).—The Navy Department has received a dispatch regarding Captain Roald Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, stating that his steamship left about a week ago directing that all correspondence should be forwarded home. It is understood that Capt. Amundsen intends catching the Olympic at Vienna for Seattle. The time of his departure will depend upon when he gets clear of the ice in the Behring Sea.—Reuter.

SHOT IN IRELAND.

Welsh Fusilier's Fatal Wound in Limerick Conflict.

ARREST OF RAIDERS.

During a conflict between civilians and soldiers at Limerick last night, a private of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers was shot, succumbing to his injuries to-day.

Last night three soldiers proceeding to New Barracks, Limerick, were stoned by some youths. The soldiers chased their assailants, and on reaching Crescent Avenue shots were fired, and Private Quinn, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, was wounded in the left side of the head. He was removed to the military hospital, and died there early to-day.

A smoke bomb was also thrown at the soldiers. The Galway magistrates to-day investigated an extraordinary story of a raid which was carried out last night. Fifteen men, wearing masks, surrounded the house of James Power, a farmer, and took him out of bed and tied him to a lamp-post. His son attacked the raiders, and galloped to Galway on horseback, which led to the police arresting four men, two of them University students, whom Fenney identified.

THE HUNGER STRIKERS.

Threat to Bring out Irish Workers in Liverpool.

A deputation of the Irish societies in Liverpool visited the Lord Mayor to-day with reference to the hunger strikers in Wormwood Scrubbs, and stated that unless these men were released within 48 hours it was their intention to bring out on strike all the Irish workers and sympathisers in the port of Liverpool, and steps or measures would be adopted at other ports to frustrate the hands of the Government.

The Lord Mayor promised to make representations to the Government.

The Irish workers in Liverpool number over 117,000.

SHOPGIRLS' GRIEVANCES

Some "Loyals" Won Over in London Strike To-day.

The strike of shop assistants employed by Messrs. John Lewis and Co., Oxford Street, London, continued on yesterday's scene in the neighbourhood of the premises were repeated this morning.

The Central News is informed that by a distribution of non-strikers a few departments have been opened to-day in addition to the silk department, which was kept in full swing yesterday. Mr. Lewis still disregards the officials of the Shop Assistants' Union and this morning reiterated his intention of carrying on the business "in my own way."

Girl pickets were on duty at an early hour to-day, and succeeded in winning over to the ranks of the strikers some of the "loyals" of yesterday. In a statement issued by the Union of Messrs. John Lewis and Co., a member of the firm declares that an unhealthy atmosphere had been created by "the vamourings of the accursed trade unionists." The statement proceeds:—"Their vocation is to make mischief and otherwise lead idle lives at their own expense, by drawing from you money that could be saved for better purposes. They lie when they say that your interests are opposed to mine."

Having always taken as a grievance that the shop assistants' trade unionists allege as a grievance that they are not allowed to take the premises from the time they start work at nine a.m. until they finish at six p.m., and victimisation is also alleged—an allegation that is denied.

The Press Association says:—The pickets were active to-day, and set out to counteract the effects of a personal canvas among the girls by the management. The pickets were on duty early and approached several of the female employees as they arrived. Action has been taken by Trades Unions other than the shop assistants. Some painters and carpenters working at Messrs. Lewis's stopped work yesterday, and this morning all the drivers were brought out by the Vehicle Workers' Union. One of the girl pickets, pointing to a wax figure in the window, sang "It's all dressed up and nowhere to go."

This morning's strike meeting at Mortimer Hall was remarkably enthusiastic. Half an hour before the time the hall was packed, mostly with girls, all in the highest spirits. The strike committee took her place at the piano, and two girls opened the programme with an exhibition dance. Several other couples joined in, and the audience sang. At the end of each item some one would shout "Are we downhearted!" "No!" "Are we going to win!" and the right answer would be followed with cheers.

Mr. Hoffman, London organiser of the Shop Assistants Union, announced that the strike pay would be 12s. a week for girls, and 25s. a week for men, but he hoped to augment this considerably by an appeal to all branches of the Union in England, Scotland and Wales.

'BUS WORKERS' DEMANDS

Conference to Consider Steps to be Taken.

A special conference of the Executive Council of the National Union of Vehicle Workers is being held to-day at Transport House, London, to consider what steps should be taken to enforce the demand put forward on behalf of the "bus men," for a shilling an hour increase of 1s. The conference will remain in session up to Friday when it is expected a decision will be reached.

Mr. George Sanders, organising secretary of the Vehicle Workers' Union, informed a Press Association representative that the meeting was adjourned at lunch time that they would probably be in session until the Transport Workers' Federation had had a further interview this week with the operating manager of the London General Omnibus Company, and no new developments were expected in the meantime. He said that the strong feeling of the men was demonstrated by the fact that a deputation of the rank and file had appeared that morning at the headquarters of the Union to hear the executive's decision and to urge the necessity of prompt action and a better offer.

REFUSAL TO BUILD.

Bedford Persists in Defying the Housing Act.

Bedford is probably the only town in England which is defying the Ministry of Health regarding the Housing Act. The Corporation has been declared a defaulter and compulsory powers for the purchase of land have been granted to the Ministry.

In his letter to the Corporation, Dr. Addison says he recognises that the provision of capital for housing schemes needs special consideration at present time, but this feature is not peculiar to Bedford, and the Council have taken no steps to provide the money necessary for their immediate requirements.

The ratepayers, telegraphs the Central News correspondent, are determined to support the action of the Corporation in refusing to build on suitable land. The Mayor has summoned a mass meeting for Saturday and Dr. Addison, Mr. Kellaway, the member for the division, and Mr. Bottomley, M.P., will be invited to attend.

CINEMA STAR'S LOSS.

Pearl White's Magnificent Furs Stolen.

Paris, Tuesday.—A telegram from Marseilles states that in the course of a journey between Marseilles and Avignon a thief stole a magnificent fur wrap, valued at £6,000, belonging to Pearl White, the cinema star, who immediately lodged a claim with the stationmaster at Avignon.—Exchange.

BISHOP OF DURHAM ILL.

Dr. Moule, Bishop of Durham, is lying seriously ill at Cambridge from an attack of pleurisy, states a to-day's telegram.

TO-DAY'S WILLS.

Sir Allan Desmond Bagot, Bart., of Levens Hall, Co. Westmorland, left £186,285.

The Right Rev. Herbert Edward Jones, Lord Bishop of Lewes, left £98,176.

BOLSHEVIK TRAP.

Stockholm, Monday (received to-day).—The Stockholm "Tidningen" learns that large crowds of Russians are seeking refuge in Esthonia. The refugees state that the promised amnesty of the Soviet Government was merely a trap. Nearly all the White soldiers who returned to Russia in good faith have been arrested and sentenced to terms of from five to twenty years' hard labour. Many officers have been shot.—Reuter.

SYRUP AT THE DOCKS.

With reference to the allegation by the Bermondsey Food Control Committee that great quantities of syrup have been lying in the Surrey Docks for three or four years, and should have been wasted by leakage, the Central News was officially informed to-day that the quantity is comparatively small. The oldest consignment was landed last September and the majority has been there only a few weeks.

Two valuable horses, refusing to move at the call of would-be rescuers, were roasted alive during a fire in the stables of a London contractor.

MORE CLOTH DEALS.

Another False Pretences Charge in London.

HOTEL PARTIES.

Charles Hesso (36), secretary, appeared at the Old Bailey, London, to-day, before Mr. Justice Darling, and pleaded not guilty to a charge of obtaining £50 by false pretences from Mr. Sidney William Hart, a City woollen merchant, and with attempting to obtain sums of £50,000 and £500,000 by false pretences from the same gentleman.

The defendant said he proposed to defend himself in order to elicit from the witnesses the whole facts of the case.

Mr. J. D. Cassels, who prosecuted, said that the prisoner had a great privilege, which he used to the utmost, of being allowed to enter the Houses of Parliament, where he carried out his business deals. He walked about the precincts with Members of Parliament, and with the freedom of an old member confident of re-election, while he was known in the Members' rooms of both Houses. The prisoner represented that he had a contract with the Government for the purchase of large quantities of serge which he offered to the prosecutor at 3s. 9d. a yard. He received £6,500 from the prosecutor, and in order to carry out the contract actually paid the Disposals Board 9s. 6d. a yard. Subsequently the prisoner, on the part of Liverpool, stated that no goods were delivered. Prisoner told the prosecutor that he had contracted to take 10,000,000 yards of khaki serge from the Government in addition to 5,500,000 yards of tweeds, but as a matter of fact he had no contract with the Government of any quantity of goods.

The case for the prosecution, counsel said, was that it was a deliberate fraud, for Hesse knew he was preparing to pay 9s. 6d. a yard for cloth he was offering to sell at 3s. 9d. a yard. Counsel added that on New Year's Eve, when Mr. Hart was in Paris, he was anxious to be entertained at a Faversham hotel entertaining the local Chamber of Commerce at a festive gathering.

MINERS SUFFOCATED.

Four Men Killed in Fire at Scottish Colliery.

An underground motor engine caught fire at Bothwell Colliery, Lanarkshire, to-day, with the result that four men were suffocated and seven others had miraculous escapes.

The Press Association states that a father and son were included in the four miners who were suffocated.

PRICE OF MILK.

Twopence a Quart Cheaper Next Week.

The Press Association says it is officially announced that at the recent meeting of the National Federation of Dairymen's Associations it was decided that on and from Sunday next the retail price of milk in London and other large towns shall be reduced to 8d. a quart, a fall of 2d. on unbroken quantities. The Scottish Farmers' and Dairymen's Association fixed 9d. per quart as the summer retail price of milk, and it was decided that this price should operate from May 2nd to Sept. 4th, inclusive. Mr. Z. Breedon presided over the following and the principal officials appointed:—President, Mr. Z. Breedon; vice-presidents, J. W. Holmes; treasurer, Mr. W. T. March; secretary, Mr. A. Bacon.

Although the decision of the Federation does not directly affect Sheffield, the local dairymen's associations not being affiliated—the Sheffield and District Cowkeepers' Association had already decided to reduce the present price of milk to 8d. from Monday next. The present price is 9d. per quart. The managers have fixed 2s. 5d. per gallon as the wholesale price, and 2s. 6d. per gallon profit for the retailers, who regard this as the "irreducible minimum on which they can maintain their business." Sheffield and District Local